





☑TEST CHANGE ☑NEW TEST

NOTIFICATION DATE: 08/31/2021 EFFECTIVE DATE: 08/31/2021

Lyme Disease Testing Update - Modified Two-Tier Testing (MTTT) Algorithm

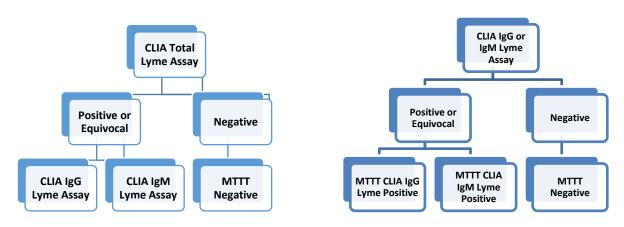
On the effective date, Northwell Health Laboratories, as a part of our continued quality improvement will implement the Modified Two-Tier Testing (MTTT) Algorithm for Lyme disease testing. The Modified Two-Tiered Testing Algorithm (MTTT) for Lyme disease diagnosis is based on two Enzyme Immunoassay (EIA) tests. This is an alternate option to the Standard Two-Tiered Testing algorithm (STTT) in which a positive screen result is confirmed with an Immunoblot. Modified Two-Tier Testing (MTTT) for Lyme borreliosis (i.e., confirmation with an EIA instead of an immunoblot) has been shown to have improved sensitivity compared with standard two-tier testing.

Lyme disease is a growing health issue; in fact, according to the Centers of Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), recent estimates suggest that approximately 300,000 people may get Lyme disease each year in the United States. Treatment is more effective if begun early, and an updated recommendation from the CDC paves the way for earlier detection and diagnosis of the disease using Modified Two-Tier testing (MTTT) which utilizes immunoassays rather than immunoblots in the second tier of the algorithm.

Updated CDC Recommendation for Serologic Diagnosis of Lyme Disease: 2-step Testing Process:

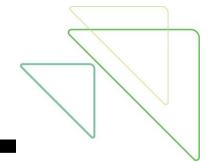
- 1. Test serum in an immunoassay measuring combined IgG and IgM antibodies to specific borrelial proteins.
- 2. Verify the results using a second FDA-cleared IgG and IgM immunoassays in place of a Western blot (Immunoblot) test. This is an acceptable alternative for the serologic diagnosis of Lyme disease.

Modified Two-Tier Testing (MTTT) Algorithm for Lyme Disease ¹



- By using two Chemiluminescence Immunoassay (CLIA) tests in the MTTT algorithm, it enables improved
 sensitivity yet comparable specificity to the Standard Two-Tier Test Western Blot algorithm. This is
 because samples that contribute to specificity issues on any one CLIA test rarely cause a specificity issue
 on both CLIA tests.
- All CLIA Total Lyme positive results will automatically reflex to Lyme IgG and Lyme IgM testing.
- Following NYSDOH recommendation, Lyme Western Blot testing will gradually be phased out for serum/plasma.





TECHNICAL BULLETIN

| Test | New Requirement | Previous Requirement |
|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Requirement/Parameters | - | - |
| Tests | Lyme Vise Total antibody IgG and IgM Serum, Lyme Vise IgG/IgM AB Reflex MTTT | Lyme Vise Total antibody IgG and IgM Serum, Lyme Vise IgG/IgM AB Reflex WB |
| Reflex to | Lyme IgM and Lyme IgG | Lyme Western Blot Pan IgG, IgM |
| Method: | Chemiluminescence Immunoassay (CLIA) Reflex-Enzyme Immunoassay | Chemiluminescence Immunoassay (CLIA) Reflex-Immunoblot |
| Reflex Test Turn Around Time | Same day | 1 week |
| Computer Interface Code | 5700530, 5304324 | 5700530, 5304324 |
| Test Order | LYME, LYMEX | LYME, LYMEX |

References

1. Diasorin Pocket Reference Guide, APM-1330-ENG—v2 06/21